DELEGATES TO GREAT PEACE CONFERENCE IN SESSSION AT JEFFERSON HOTEL



nan of the committee on arrangements, preside at the morning session, and liarly for peace. Justice William L Carpenter, of De-lanta, who has luncheon at 12:30 to-day, with an en-extainment for the women to follow. Dr. Seaman, of New York, wanted

in every State in the Union.

Dr. Seaman, of New York, wanted China and Japan to join in the celebrations in the afternoon. He said that there would be an important meeting nations had already been invited to of the committee on foreign affairs, of join.
which Congressman Hal D. Flood is Mr. Emerson, of Buffalo, thought

No Fortifications on Frontier. Governor Mann was escorted to the chair by Wardner Williams, of Denver; Dr. George Brown, of Georgia, and Levi Longfellow, of Minneapolis. Gov-ernor Mann, thinking to subject himself to the five-minute rule, read a few words of welcome, and then, on being urged, left his manuscript and talked. He occasioned some laughter, when he assured them that if, in the exuberance of youth, any of them got into trouble, he would use his prerogative to get them out. He said that it was peculiarly fitting that such a meeting should be held in Virginia, the State which gained the title of "Old Dominion" for the best least to the Feedlah. He occasioned some laughter, when he her loyalty to the English crown. "Let history record," he said, "what America, history record," he said, "what America, Great Britain and Ireland, and the other nations of the earth have been enabled to accomplish because of the ulnety-nine years of peace, which have followed the Treaty of Ghent. On this auspiclous occasion we should, in this actous presence, stress the fact that Bagot treaty, 100 years, under the Rush-Bagot treaty, the American-Canadian frontier of 3,849 miles had had no fortifications and no protection except the brotherly love of the people on either side of the line. Surely we ought

rither side of the line. Surely we ought to celebrate these hundred years of peace by suitable memorials, which should not only commemorate the past, but be a prophecy of fine future.

Favors Arbitration.

"In the light of experience and history, I would earnestly counsel that we go even further, and ask an agree-ment from all the powers, binding them to arbitrate before some competent, impartial tribunal, every cause of dif-ference, except purely internal and domestic questions with which outsiders

ould have no reasonable concern."

Mayor Ainslie was out of town, and Acting Mayor Adams could not be present on account of illness. An address of welcome was delivered by T. M. Carrington, president of the Chamber of

William Curtis Demorest, chair-f the committee on arrangements, nial of peace, for he said that such then announced that Governor Mann triumph had no place in a feast pecu-preside at the morning session, and liarly for peace. Rev. Dr. Hall, of Attroit, at the session this morning. He British and American flags, asked that announced, too, that there would be there be contemporaneous celebrations

chairman, to-morrow afternoon, and that the peace conference delegates that the peace conference delegates were invited to attend.

All: Emerson, of Buffalo, thought that the celebration should be educational, rather than spectacular, and said it would be enhanced by the absence of military display. He stamped the celebration as to be the greatest poch in the twentieth century

Sentiment in Canada. visited the nine provinces of Canada, he said, and had found the people corthe same names, and he thought it towns of the same name should exchange the shields of their respective countries. He urged that there be an exchange of speakers in the respective and Americans in the Canadian schools.
"War between us now seems improbable," he said, "but, after this cele-

able," he said, "but, after this celebration, well, ah, well, it will be unthinkable." He was roundly cheered. Henry C. Morris, of Chicago, spoke for a few minutes, saying that the peace celebration would be the greatest blessing to all humanity. The cable, gram from Great Britain, asking for a message of cheer, was read and ordered repleid to. It follows:

"Duke of Teck presides at banquet in Hotel Cecil on Friday, given by our committee and committee of Anglo-American exhibition, which will be bedd it leader in 1414. Can you call.

American exhibition, which will be held in London in 1914. Can you cable me message from your committee, wishing success to both of us to be read at banquet? Lord Grey and Am-bassador Page will speak."

Committees Named. The following committees were an-

lanta, who has lived under both the

E. H. Scammell, of the Canadian committee, urgently requested to make an address, took the house by storm as he told of the sentiment in Canada for the peace celebration. Me had dial. He had found that 3,110 places in the United States and Canada bore would be a fine thing if the schools and schools, Canadian in American schools,

The session adjourned to meet again at 10 o'clock this morning.

nounced:
Committee on co-operating with patriotic societies—Bennehan, Cameron, Committee to consider plan and scope

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Treaty Between England and America.

A letter from Cardinal Gibbons was read to the conference yesterday ex-pressing his great interest in the objects of the gathering, and urging a permanent arbitration treaty between England and America. His letter follows in full:

"With reference to that movement now on foot to promote closer and more amicable relations between England and this country. I am persuaded that the signing of a treaty of arbitration between Great Britain and the United States would not only be a source of incalculable blessings to these two great powers, but would go far toward the maintenance of perma-nent international peace throughout the civilized world.

"Both of these great nations have many things in common. We speak the same noble tongue, and the English language is more generally used to-day than any other language on the face of the earth. The classic writers of England were also ours, and the classic authors of America are likewise claimed by Great Britain. The litera-ture of both countries is a common heritage to both nations.

Virtually Same Form of Government. "We also live under virtually the same form of government. The head of one nation is a King, the head of the other nation is a President; Engsame form of government. The head of the one nation is a King, the head of the other nation is a President; England is governed by a constitutional monarchy; the United States is ruled by a constitutional republic. And I believe that both of these nations have been more successful in adjusting and reconciling legitimate authority with reconciling legitimate authority with personal liberty than any other coun-

personal liberty than any other country of the world, "England is mistress of the ocean. "England is mistress of the ocean.
Her ships ply through every sea on the globe. Her flags float over every harbor of the world. Her empire embraces a territory comprising 10,000,000 square miles, or about one-fifth of the globe. Great was the Roman empire in the days of her imperial splendor. It extended into Europe as far as the textended into Europe as far as the lotte; Colonel Bennehan Cameron, Stagville.

Contennial.

Conte Russell County; Colones Symons, Washington, D. C.; Albert Shaw, New York.

Committee on part to be taken by schools and universities in the celebration next year of the 100 years of peace between the two representative English-speaking nations, and at the considered of the United States on the purpose, plan and scope of the peace cenenthusiasm to "Thes Dansant," to be Eugene Gallatin, New York.

CARDINAL GIBBONS

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Committee to part to be taken by schools and universities in the celebration next year of the 100 years of peace between the two representative English-speaking nations, and at the considered parts of Columbia and from Canadia. Among the delegates are many men who are conspicuous as educators, statemen and authors. Besides Oscar Straus, the most prominent of the national figures, there are Dr. Albert Shaw, of New York, editor of the "Review of Reviews"; Dr. Louis Livingston Seaman, who, as a surgeon and a member of the Red Cross, has been on the firing line in practically SENDS GREETING

and a member of the Red Cross, has been on the firing line in practically every war in the last thirty years, and who spent more than a month last summer with the Bulgarian army; William Curtis Demorest, chairman of the committee on arrangements, a New York banker; Dr. Henry Sturgles Drinker; Dr. Persident of Lehigh University. York banker; Dr. Henry Sturgls Drink-er, president of Lehigh University; Rear-Admiral George W. Baird; Dr. George C. Chase, president of Bates College; Dr. Lyon G. Tyler, president of William and Mary College; Edward J. Wheeler, editor of "Public Opinion"; Professor Fred Morrow Fling, of Lin-coln, Neb.; E. H. Scammer, of Canada, and many others. and many others.

John A. Stewart, chairman of the ex-

coutive committee, has devoted years to the work of the celebration, and has given largely of his time. Following given largely of his time. Following is a list by States of the delegates who registered yesterday:

Arkansas—E. C. Morris, Helena. California—Reuben B. Hale, San Francisco; William Barr, San Fran-

Colorado-Wardner Williams, Denver-Connecticut-Arthur D. Call, Hart-Delaware-Thomas F. Bayard, Wilmington.
Florida-Harry E. Brown, St. Au-

gustine. Georgia—Dr J. J. Hall, Atlanta; Dr. George Brown, Atlanta.

Hillnois—Henry C. Morris, Chicago; Chesley R. Perry, Chicago.

Louisiana—H. D. Richardson, New Orleans.

Maine—Dr. George C. Chase, Lewis-ton (president Eates College), Maryland—Bernard N. Baker, Baltimore; Dr. George H. Carpenter, Cum-

Massachusetts-Edwin D. Mead. Bos-

clon.

New Hampshire—Frank S. Streeter,
Concord; Mrs. Frank S. Streeter, Con-

It extended into Europe as far as the River Danube, into Asia as far as the Tigris and Euphrates, and into Africa as far as Mauritani. And yeat the Roman empire was scarcely one-sixth of the extent of the British empire of to-day. It was Daniel Webster who, in a speech delivered in the American Senate about sixty years ago, thus described the extent of the British possessions: 'She has dotted the whole surface of the globe with her possessions and military posts, whose morning drum-beat, following the sun and keeping company with the hours, encircles the earth with one unbroken strain of the martial airs of England.'

Happy and Contented People.

"The United States rules nearly 100,000,000 happy and contented people. Our government exercises a dominant and salutary influence over the entire American continent. And our influence is exerted not to destroy, but to save; not to dismember our sistor republics, but to preserve their peace and autonomy.

"If, then, England and America were Island in Africa as the content of the British postageville. North Dakota—A. M. Olsen, Portal. New York—Oscar S. Straus. New York—Oscar S. Straus. New York: Albert Shaw, New York; Androw B. Humphrey, New York; Albert Shaw, New York; Lewis H. Kracke, New Y

OUTLINE PLANS
FOR WORLD-WIDE
PLACE JUBILEE

Note an apprehamment of the programment of the control of the contr

Conference Delegates Acclaim
Woman Who Reigned Through
Sixty Years of Peace.

Dr. James L. Tryon, of Massachusetts, gave an illustrated lecture in the Jefferson Hotel last night on the history of the movement for the peace centennial, and of those who forwarded it through their dreams and their endeavor to its adoption by Great Britain and the United States. When the portrait of Queen Victoria, who lived and reigned through sixty years of the hundred years of peace, was thrown upon the screen, there was a loud Sapreme Court Proceedings. hundred years of peace, was thrown upon the screen, there was a loud, burst of applause. There were pic-tures of the signers of the famous Treaty of Ghent and short talks on them, and a short dissertation on the Mason and Slidell and the Alabama incidents, which threatened to bring the two nations into clash again, but which was avoided by wise counseling among statesmen of both sides.

Dr. T. Kennard Thomson, consulting

engineer of the Peace Conference, dis-played slides of the two bridges with which he proposes to connect the American and Canadian shores as lasting monuments to the friendship be-tween the two peoples, The auditorium was crowded, and the lectures were greatly enjoyed.

Suit for \$500.

Suit for \$500 was filed yesterday in the Law and Equity Court by Eugene Robinson, trading as the Richmond Cold Storage, against the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company. There was no declaration.

New Depositories.

Acting Mayor Adams returned to City Clerk August yesterday, with his signature ordinances designating the Old Dominion Trust Company and the Richmond Trust and Savings Company as city depositories.

AMERICAN PLAN In New York there are prac-

tically no American Plan ho-

tels left, yet The BRESLIN. at Broadway and 29th St., maintains both "a la carte" and "table d'hote" service, thus affording transients the beneficial feature of the American Plan hotel. Within two blocks of the great Pennsylvania Terminal, with the principal theatres nearby and the great wholesale and retail districts at its door, The BRESLIN is "in the heart of things." A modern fireproof hotel of superior appointments, affording first class accommodations at moderate rates. Manager Mulligan will make it his business to see that your wants are taken care of. Write him.

retury and treasurer—both of Norfolk.

Supreme Court Proceedings.

The following cases were argued in the Supreme Court of Appeals of Virginia yesterday;

Cardoza vs. Middle Atlantic Immigration Company (No. 21). Argued by Haw & Haw for appellant and C. V. Meredith for appellant and C. V. Meredit

LIBRARY ACQUIRES **NOTABLE VOLUMES**

Purchases Made at Brown Sale Complete State's Senate Journals.

The Virginia State Library's collection of journals of the State Senate has been made almost complete by the purchase of a portion of the library of John Thompson Brown, of Campbell County. By the judicious expenditure of less than \$100 at the recent Brown and Dr. Hours P. McIlwains State. sale, Dr. Henry E. McIlwaine, State Librarian, succeeded in securing all but one of the journals he bid for. Those acquired date from 1800 to about 1825, and fill a large and the securing all Those acquired date from 1800 to about 1825, and fill a large gap in the State Library's shelf of Senate journals.
"I regard this as a notable acquisition," said Dr. McIlwaine yesterday.

tion," said Dr. McIlwaine yesterday.
"I am more than pleased that we were able to come into possession of these priceless volumes at such a reasonable outlay. We had almost despaired of completing our collection of Senats journals, when the catalogue of the Brown sale reached my office. The value of these books to the State Library is large."

ry is large." Next to the Royal Record Office in London, the State Library is now the greatest authority on the Journals of the Colonial House of Burgesses. Dr. McIlwaine has secured copies of every one of these journals, and is publish-ing them in book form. It is a monumental work, and when completed will offer to the student the only complete record of the House of Burgesses to be had in America. By laborious effort Dr. McIlwaine has now completed the collection of the journals of the House of Delegates, except for one or two volumes. These will be added as they are located and offered for sale.

Journeymen Burbers Hold Meeting.
A meeting of the journeymen barbers was held last night in Smithdeal Hall. There was a large attendance, and addresses touching on the welfare of the union were made by Charles Hao, Frank Nigro, T. B. Stuart and Gus Runge.



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